

SwitchBlade® x908 Generation 2

High Capacity Stackable Layer 3+ Modular Switch

The Allied Telesis SBx908 GEN2 is the ideal solution for the modern enterprise network core. This stackable modular switch also has the capacity to support Smart City and IoT networks.

The SBx908 GEN2 delivers a futureproof network with superior flexibility, and integrated wireless management.

The high-capacity 2.6 Terabit fabric eliminates bottlenecks, effortlessly streams video and ensures all traffic in large networks is delivered reliably. Flexible hot-swappable expansion modules (XEMs) support multi-speed (1/2.5/5/10G), 10 Gigabit, 40 Gigabit, and 100 Gigabit to easily expand the SBx908 GEN2 to meet network traffic demands, both now and well into the future.

Smart City and IoT networks

The SBx908 GEN2 has large switching and routing tables to support Smart City networks and the Internet of Things (IoT). It meets the increasing demand for the convergence of multiple services, like video surveillance, public Wi-Fi, information kiosks, environmental sensors and more.

Network automation

Allied Telesis Autonomous
Management Framework™ Plus (AMF
Plus) meets the increasing management
requirements of modern converged
networks, by automating many everyday
tasks. AMF Plus has powerful features
that allow an entire network to be easily
managed as a single virtual device.

Vista ManagerTM EX is an intuitive graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF Plus wired and Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless devices. Full visibility and powerful features enable proactive management of large networks.

Device and network management

The Device GUI on the SBx908 GEN2 enables graphical monitoring of key switch features to support easy management.

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini supports visibility and management of AMF Plus wired and AWC wireless network devices, making it ideal as a one-stop solution for small to medium-sized networks. AWC is an intelligent, easy to use Wireless LAN

controller that automatically maintains optimal wireless coverage. Vista Manager mini includes AWC floor and heat maps showing wireless coverage. It also supports AWC Channel Blanket hybrid operation, providing maximum performance and seamless roaming, as well as AWC Smart Connect for simplified deployment, and a resilient Wi-Fi network solution using wireless uplink connectivity.

Resilient

The convergence of network services in the enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™), in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure and a resilient solution for high-availability applications. The SBx908 GEN2 can form a VCStack of up to four units, at any port speed, for enhanced resiliency and simplified device management. Stacks can also be created over long distance fiber links, making it the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

Designed with reliability in mind, the SBx908 GEN2 guarantees the continual delivery of essential services. Hot-swappable components such as XEMs, fans, and load-sharing Power Supply Units (PSUs) pair with near-hitless online stack reconfiguration, to ensure that maintenance doesn't affect network uptime.

Environmentally friendly

The SBx908 GEN2 supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port, reducing operating costs.







Key Features

- ▶ 2.6 Terabit fabric
- ▶ 10G, 40G, 100G XEMs
- ► Multi-speed (1/2.5/5/10G) XEMs
- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework[™] Plus (AMF Plus)
- Active Fiber Monitoring of fiber data and stacking links
- ► OpenFlow v1.3 for SDN
- ► Large switching and routing tables
- VCStack[™] up to 4 units, locally or over distance
- ► EPSRingTM and G.8032 ERPS for resilient rings
- ► EPSR Master
- Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- ► Link Monitoring
- ► Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
- ► Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- ▶ VXLAN static tunnels
- ► AT-Vista Manager mini enables:
 - ▶ Wired and wireless network visibility
 - ► AWC wireless network management
 - AWC-Channel Blanket hybrid wireless
 - AWC-Smart Connect wireless uplinks
- ► FIPS 140-2 certified
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP) Transparent Mode
- ▶ NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modelling

Key Features

VCStack™

Create a VCStack of up to four units at any port speed. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

VCStack LD

► Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over fiber links to span longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

Vista Manager mini

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini provides full network visibility of AMF Plus wired and AWC wireless devices. Manage and simplify wireless deployment with AWC-Smart Connect, and support optimal wireless performance from AWC hybrid operation with maximum throughout and a seamless Wi-Fi user experience.

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus)

- ▶ AMF Plus is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the everyday running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- ▶ The SBx908 GEN2 can operate as the AMF Plus network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for all other network nodes. The AMF Plus master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members.
- The SBx908 GEN2 provides a single-pane-of-glass interface to the entire network. Administrators can view the AMF Plus topology map using the intuitive Device GUI.
- ➤ An AMF Plus license (from AW+ version 5.5.2-2 onwards) provides all standard AMF network management and automation features, and also enables the AMF Plus intent-based networking features menu in Vista Manager EX (from version 3.10.1 onwards).

AWC Wireless Management

- Optimize wireless network performance with the Autonomous Wave Controller (AWC), built-in to the SBx908 GEN2. AWC analyzes wireless traffic patterns and automatically reconfigures access points to meet demand.
- Wireless network operation in multi-channel, single-channel (Channel Blanket), and hybrid (multichannel and Channel Blanket) modes, supports maximum data throughput and seamless roaming for the most flexible wireless solution available.
- AWC-Smart Connect (AWC-SC) enables plug-and play wireless network growth, as new APs only need a power connection, and will then automatically create resilient wireless uplink connections to other APs.

Large Network Tables

▶ High-capacity 2.6 Terabit fabric and 1,905Mpps packet forwarding provide powerful data transfer capability, supporting large campus networks as well as Smart City and IoT solutions. Large MAC and IP host tables are ready for the increasing number of connected devices found in modern enterorise and city-wide networks.

Multi-speed Ports

Copper ports on the XEM2-12XTm and XEM2-8XSTm expansion modules support 2.5 and 5 Gigabit connectivity to enable high-speed wireless, or maximum downlink speed using legacy Cat5E/6 cabling.

Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF Lite)

- ▶ VRF Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single switch into multiple independent virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure. VRF Lite supports IPv4 (unicast and multicast) and IPv6 (unicast) traffic.
- ➤ The built-in DHCP Server on the SBx908 GEN2 is VRF aware, enabling the supply of IP addresses to clients across multiple isolated networks.

EPSRing™

- ▶ EPSRing allows several switches to form protected rings with 50ms failover—perfect for high performance at the core of Enterprise or Provider Access networks. The SBx908 GEN2 can act as the EPSR Master
- SuperLoop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

NETCONF/RESTCONF

 NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modeling provides a standardized way to represent data and securely configure devices.

sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector (up to 5 collectors can be configured) ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

 PTP (IEEE 1588v2) synchronizes clocks throughout the network with micro-second accuracy, supporting industrial automation and control systems. PTP operates on standalone or stacked switches.

Active Fiber Monitoring

▶ Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent. Active Fiber Monitoring is supported on fiber data and fiber stacking links.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

➤ TACACS+ Command Authorization offers centralized control over which commands may be issued by each specific AlliedWare Plus device user. It complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

VLAN Translation

- Service Providers can use VLAN Translation to provide customer traffic with a unique VLAN-ID for use within the SP's network. It does this by mapping traffic arriving on a VLAN to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.
- This feature is also useful in Enterprise environments where it can be used to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme.

Media Access Control Security (MACSec)

802.1AE MACSec secures all traffic on point-topoint Ethernet links between directly connected nodes, ensuring protection against security threats such as denial of service, intrusion, man-in-themiddle, passive wiretapping, and playback attacks.

Bi-directional Forwarding Detection (BFD)

▶ BFD enables fast detection of link failures, to minimize recovery. It works with static routes, and alongside BGP and OSPF routing protocols supporting faster shutdown of neighbor connections if a peer session goes down. When using VRF-Lite, BFD is supported globally or within a domain.

Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

 UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

 MSDP enables two or more PIM-SM (Sparse Mode) domains to share information on active multicast sources, for more efficient forwarding of multicast traffic.

Link Monitoring (Linkmon)

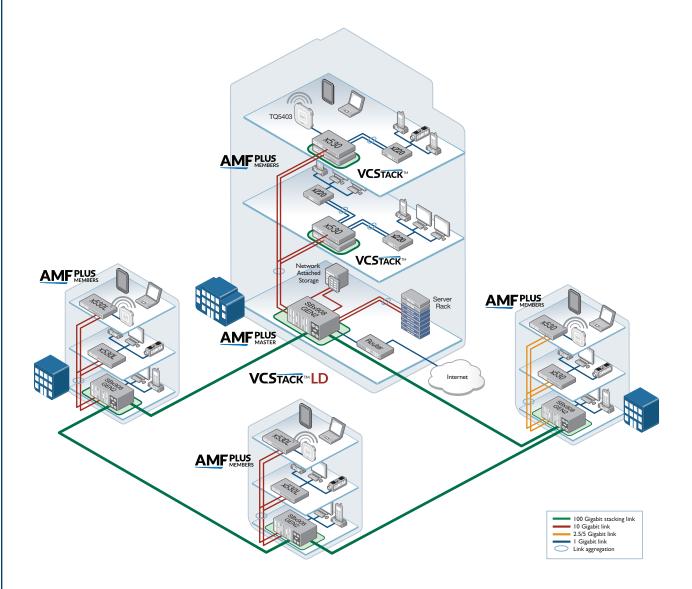
▶ Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.

Virtual Extensible LAN (VXLAN)

VXLAN tunnels let you join two or more L2 networks over an L3 IP network to form a single L2 broadcast domain. VXLAN adds scalability to cloud computing environments. The SBx908 GEN2 supports static VXLAN tunnels.

Key Solutions

Distributed network core



Today's large enterprises demand ready access to online resources and applications, and require a high-performing network that can seamlessly carry multiple converged services. This campus solution uses the SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 and VCStack LD—ideal for a distributed network core that provides high availability, increased capacity and ease of management.

Using VCStack at the core of the network allows multiple switches to appear as a single virtual chassis, simplifying management. In normal operation, the full bandwidth of the network is used, ensuring always-available online services. Seamless wireless access, and the convergence

of business data, voice, and video surveillance traffic on the network, are easily supported with this powerful solution.

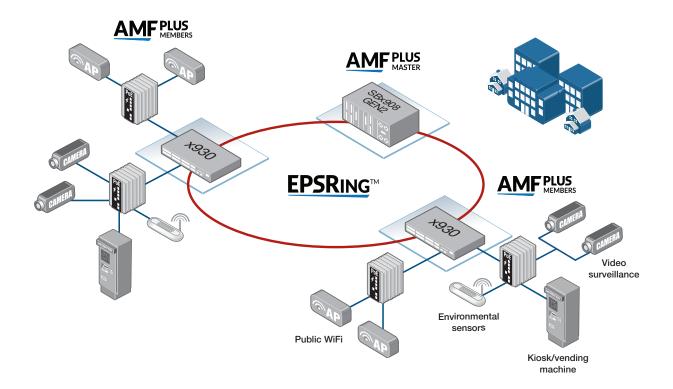
AMF Plus allows the entire network to be unified for ease of management. The SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 acts as the AMF Plus Master, automatically backing up the entire network, and enabling plug-and-play networking with zero-touch expansion and recovery.

The SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 delivers a protocol-less and Active/Active campus backbone solution, with high performance and flexible scalability.

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Key Solutions

Smart City network



All over the world, Smart Cities are looking to increase information availability, security and transport efficiency, whilst reducing pollution and waste. Access to real-time data from a variety of sources gives cities the ability to enhance the quality of their urban services, and increase citizen safety.

The SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 is the ideal network core solution for Smart City and IoT networks. Large switching and routing tables support the many devices that make up modern metropolitan networks, including video surveillance cameras, environmental sensors, information kiosks, public Wi-Fi and many more.

EPSR creates a high-speed resilient ring that can utilize 10G, 40G or 100G, and provides extremely fast failover between nodes. EPSR enables rings to recover within as little as 50ms, preventing a node or link failure from impacting the delivery of converged data and video traffic.

AMF plus automates many day-to-day tasks, backs up the entire network, and provides the ability to configure many or all devices city-wide—with a single command.

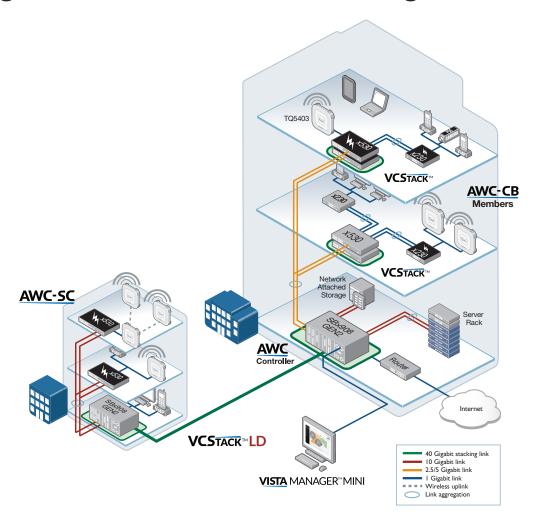
The SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 and Allied Telesis advanced features support network managers in delivering leading Smart City services.

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Key Solutions

Integrated wireless LAN management



Allied Telesis Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) offers solutions for two of the most common problems with Wireless LANs: initial setup complexity, and on-going performance degradation. Initial WLAN set-up usually requires a site survey to achieve the best coverage, and performance of WLANs can often change over time as external sources of radio interference reduce coverage and bandwidth. These issues can be time-consuming to identify and resolve.

AWC features an intelligent process that automatically recalibrates the signal strength and radio channel of each Access Point (AP) for optimal WLAN performance.

AWC Smart Connect (AWC-SC) uses wireless uplink connections between APs, so deployment is as easy as plugging in and powering on the new APs, which automatically extend the Wi-Fi network, creating a resilient solution.

AWC is integrated into the SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 and provides the ideal solution for modern enterprise networks, enabling management of both the wired (with AMF Plus) and wireless (with AWC) networks to be automated. This reduces both the time and cost of network administration, as well as maximizing network performance for a superior user experience.

Up to five TQ Series wireless APs can be managed for free, and up to a further 300 APs (max 305) with feature licenses, available separately.

On some AP models, hybrid channel blanket enables multi-channel and single-channel WiFi operation simultaneously. This supports seamless roaming and maximum throughput. Channel Blanket licenses are available for up to 300 APs. For plug-and-play wireless deployment AWC-SC licenses are available for up to 300 APs.

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Specifications

Performance

- ▶ 2.6 Terabit Switching Fabric
- ▶ 1,905Mpps forwarding rate
- Extensive wirespeed traffic classification for ACLs and QoS
- ▶ 9KB L2/L3 Jumbo frames
- ▶ Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 96K MAC address entries
- ▶ Up to 96K host entries
- ▶ Up to 32K multicast entries
- Up to 168 Link Aggregation Groups (LAGS) any combination of static and dynamic (LACP)
- 4K VLANs
- ▶ 4GB DDR SDRAM
- ▶ 16MB packet buffer memory
- ▶ 4GB Flash Memory
- Multicore CPU with 4 dual-threaded cores for highperformance, and enabling Vista Manager mini and AWC wireless network management

Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ▶ Dual hot swappable PSUs with 1 + 1 redundancy
- ▶ Dual feed support: a separate power circuit can feed each power supply providing extra reliability
- ► Hot-swappable expansion modules (XEMs)*
- ► Hot-swappable fan modules
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages, with SNMP traps to alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

- Eight high speed expansion bays supporting a choice of modules for port flexibility and application versatility
- ► Versatile licensing options for additional features

Power Characteristics

- ► AC Voltage: 100 to 240V (+/-10% auto ranging)
- ► Frequency: 47 to 63Hz
- DC Voltage: 36 to 72V

Diagnostic Tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ► Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Find-me device locator
- Hardware health monitoring
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Port mirroring
- ► TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

IPv4 Features

- ▶ Black hole routing
- ▶ Directed broadcast forwarding
- ▶ DNS relay
- ► Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- ► Policy-based routing
- ► Route maps
- ► Route redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP)
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ► UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

▶ Up to 600 Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF lite) domains (with license)

IPv6 Features

- ► DHCPv6 client and relay
- DNSv6 client and relay
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ► IPv6 hardware ACLs
- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6. Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- NTPv6 client and server
- ► Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6
- ► IPv6 Ready certified

Management

- ▶ 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Management Framework Plus (AMF Plus) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- ➤ Try AMF Plus for free with the built-in Starter license
- ► NETCONF/RESTCONF northbound interface with YANG data modelling
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- ► Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Out-of-band 10/100/1000T Ethernet management nort
- ► Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- ▶ Built-in text editor
- ► Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Bandwidth limiting (virtual bandwidth)
 Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64khps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- ▶ IPv6 QoS support and IPv6-aware storm protection
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ▶ Policy-based storm protection
- Extensive remarking capabilities and taildrop for queue congestion control
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ► Dynamic link failover (host attach)

- ► Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and EPSR enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- ▶ Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
- ► Flexi-stacking allows the use of any port speed to stack
- ► Long-Distance VCStack over fiber (VCStack LD)
- ▶ Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ▶ PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ STP root guard
- ▶ VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security

- ► Federal Information Processing Standard Publication 140-2 (FIPS 140-2) certified
- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ► Dynamic ACLs assigned via port authentication
- ► ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
- ► Auth fail and guest VLANs
- ► Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ► BPDU protection
- ▶ DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ► DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ► Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- ► Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- Learn limits (intrusion detection) for single ports or LAGs
- ► Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- Casura Casu (CCF
- Secure Copy (SCP)Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- Strong password security and encryption
- ► TACACS+ command authorisation
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ► Web-based authentication
- ► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port
- ► RADIUS Proxv

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

Environmental Specifications

- ➤ Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ➤ Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range:
 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,050 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- ► EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker)

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^{*} A reboot is required after hot-swapping a XEM2-1CQ with a XEM of a different type

- ► Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS
- ► Certification: UL, cUL, TUV, FIPS 140-2

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ► EU RoHS compliant
- China RoHS compliant

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEIGHT		
PRODUCI	WIDTH & DEPTH & HEIGHT	MOUNTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	
SwitchBlade x908 GEN2	440 x 480 x 132 mm (17.32 x 18.89 x 5.19 in)	Rack-mount 3 RU	14.32 kg (31.57 lb)	16.7 kg (36.81 lb)	
SBxPWRSYS2	84 x 170 x 40 mm (3.30 x 6.69 x 1.57 in)	N/A	1.32 kg (2.91 lb)	1.9 kg (4.18 lb)	
XEM2-8XSTm	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.70 kg (1.54 lb)	1.7 kg (3.75 lb)	
XEM2-12XTm	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1.8 kg (3.97 lb)	
XEM2-12XT	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1.8 kg (3.97 lb)	
XEM2-12XS v2	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.75 kg (1.65 lb)	1.8 kg (3.97 lb)	
XEM2-4QS	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.66 kg (1.45 lb)	1.7 kg (3.75 lb)	
XEM2-1CQ	130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in)	N/A	0.62 kg (1.37 lb)	1.6 kg (3.53 lb)	

Power and Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	LATENCY
SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 with two fan modules and two PSUs	124.7W	425.5 BTU/h	N/A
XEM2-8XSTm (1/2.5/5/10G)	17.8W	60.7 BTU/h	2.2 μs
XEM2-12XTm (1/2.5/5/10G)	29.0W	98.9 BTU/h	2.4 μs
XEM2-12XT (1G/10G)	39.7W	135.6 BTU/h	2.4 μs
XEM2-12XS v2 (1G/10G)	30.3W	103.4 BTU/h	1.9 μs
XEM2-4QS (40G)	16.1W	55.1 BTU/h	0.7 μs
XEM2-1CQ (100G)	6.7W	22.9 BTU/h	0.7 μs

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.5.4

Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

BGP dynamic capability

BGP outbound route filtering

RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the Internet RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute

Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5 RFC 2385 signature option

BGP route flap damping RFC 2439 RFC 2545 Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for

IPv6 inter-domain routing Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4 RFC 2858 RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4

RFC 3392 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4 RFC 3882 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service (DoS) attacks

Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4) RFC 4271 RFC 4360 BGP extended communities RFC 4456 BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP

RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart RFC 4893

BGP support for four-octet AS number space RFC 5065 Autonomous system confederations for BGP

Cryptographic Algorithms FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

➤ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes) Block Cipher Modes:

► CCM

► CMAC

► GCM

▶ XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

DSA

► ECDSA

► RSA

Secure Hashing:

► SHA-1

► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:

► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512) Random Number Generation:

► DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256) DES

MD5

Ethernet Standards

IEEE 802.1AE Media Access Control Security (MACSec)

Logical Link Control (LLC) IEEE 802.2

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IFFF 802.3ab 1000BASF-T

IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet

IEEE 802.3an 10GBASE-T

IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3ba 40GBASE-X IEEE 802.3bj 100GBASE-X

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Features

RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791

Internet Protocol (IP)

RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) REC 793

RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams

over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams

RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the

presence of subnets

RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure

RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)

RFC 1027 Proxy ARP

RFC 1035 DNS client

RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IFFF 802 networks

RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements

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RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB	IEEE 802.3a	dStatic and dynamic link aggregation
RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol	RFC 5798	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with		(TCP)		(VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6
	CIDR	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC5880	Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges		
RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP	RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB	Routing	Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)	RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers	RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6
RFC 1918	IP addressing		with RSTP	RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping,	RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication
			traceroute and lookup operations	RFC 2453	RIPv2
IPv6 Fea	atures	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3		
RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6			Security	/ Features
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification	Multica	st Support	SSH remote	
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet	Bootstrap R	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM	SSLv2 and S	SSLv3
	networks	IGMP query	solicitation	TACACS+ A	ccounting and Authentication
RFC 2711	IPv6 router alert option	IGMP snoop	ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)		Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP
RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6	IGMP snoop	ing fast-leave		and MD5)
RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format	IGMP/MLD	multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)	IEEE 802.1X	Mmulti-supplicant authentication
RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6	MLD snoop	ng (MLDv1 and v2)	IEEE 802.1X	Port-based network access control
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture	PIM for IPv6		RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses	PIM SSM fo	r IPv6	RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication
RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and	RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)	RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting
	routers	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2	RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture		(IGMPv2)	RFC 3280	Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate
RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6		Revocation List (CRL) profile
RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing	RFC 3546	Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration		protocols	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication
	(SLAAC)	RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses		Protocol (EAP)
RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection	RFC 3376	IGMPv3	RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6	RFC 3618	Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)	RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for	RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard		IPv6	RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
		RFC 3956	Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address	RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
Manage	ement		in an IPv6 multicast address	RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protoco
AMF Plus M	IIB and SNMP traps	RFC 3973	PIM Dense Mode (DM)	RFC 5176	RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization)
AT Enterpris	se MIB	RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches	RFC 5246	TLS v1.2
Optical DDN	/I MIB	RFC 4601	Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode		
SNMPv1, v2	2c and v3		(PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised)	Service	s
IEEE 802.1AI	B Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific	RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management		multicast	RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
	information for TCP/IP-based Internets	RFC 4607	Source-specific multicast for IP	RFC 857	Telnet echo option
RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)			RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions	Open S	nortest Path First (OSPF)	RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based	OSPF link-lo	ocal signaling	RFC 1350	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
	Internets: MIB-II	OSPF MD5	authentication	RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the	Out-of-band	LSDB resync	RFC 2049	MIME
	SNMP		OSPF protocol analysis	RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol	RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 1239	Standard MIB	RFC 1370	Applicability statement for OSPF	RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow	RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2	RFC 2328	OSPFv2	DEC 2022	Internet message format
				RFC 2822	intornot moodago format
	(SMIv2)	RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option	RFC 2022	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
RFC 2579	(SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2	RFC 2370 RFC 2740	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6		•
RFC 2580	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2	RFC 2740 RFC 3101			DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 2740	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area	RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82)
RFC 2580	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 2740 RFC 3101	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option	RFC 3046 RFC 3315	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2580 RFC 2674	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions	RFC 2740 RFC 3101	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 2580	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 2580 RFC 2674	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent
RFC 2580 RFC 2674	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164 RFC 3176	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS)	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164 RFC 3176	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN Si Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1a	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 upport N Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164 RFC 3176	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN S Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1c	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 upport IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3609 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2211	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1v IEEE 802.3	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 upport IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol SFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3609 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2211	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1v IEEE 802.3	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 upport IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 3164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411 RFC 3412	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2211 RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port DiffServ architecture DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN Si Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1v IEEE 802.3v Static VXLA	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 UPPORT N Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) d Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port acVLAN tagging N tunnels (part of RFC 7348)
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3164 RFC 3411 RFC 3411	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP SNMP applications	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2211 RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597 RFC 2697	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port DiffServ architecture DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1v IEEE 802.3v Static VXLA Voice ov	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 **Lupport** IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) 1 Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port in tunnels (part of RFC 7348) **Ver IP (VOIP)
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2674 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 3164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411 RFC 3412 RFC 3413 RFC 3414	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP SNMP applications User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2211 RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port DiffServ architecture DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker A two-rate three-color marker	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.10	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 UPPORT N Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) d Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port acVLAN tagging N tunnels (part of RFC 7348)
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2674 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 3164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411 RFC 3412 RFC 3413 RFC 3414	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP SNMP applications User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2211 RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597 RFC 2697 RFC 2698	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port DiffServ architecture DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1v IEEE 802.3v Static VXLA Voice ov	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 **Lupport** IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) 1 Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port in tunnels (part of RFC 7348) **Ver IP (VOIP)
RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 3164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411 RFC 3412 RFC 3412 RFC 3414 RFC 3415	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP SNMP applications User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597 RFC 2697 RFC 2698 RFC 3246	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ arcedence for eight queues/port DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker A two-rate three-color marker DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.10	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 **Lupport** IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) 1 Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port in tunnels (part of RFC 7348) **Ver IP (VOIP)
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RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 38164 RFC 3176 RFC 3411 RFC 3412 RFC 3414 RFC 3415 RFC 3416	Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB Syslog protocol sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP SNMP applications User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP	RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.11 RFC 2474 RFC 2475 RFC 2597 RFC 2697 RFC 2698 RFC 3246 RESILIER	OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ arcedence for eight queues/port DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker A two-rate three-color marker DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)	RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN SI Generic VLA IEEE 802.10	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 **Lupport** IN Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) 1 Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges VLAN classification by protocol and port in tunnels (part of RFC 7348) **Ver IP (VOIP)

8 | SwitchBlade x908 GEN2

IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)

RFC 3635 Definitions of managed objects for the Ethernet-like interface types

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-GEN2-01	SwitchBlade x908 GEN2 Premium license	 ▶ 0SPF¹ (16,000 routes) ▶ BGP4¹ (5,000 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM (2,000 entries) ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ RIPng (5,000 routes) ▶ OSPFv3 (8,000 routes) ▶ BGP4+ (5,000 routes) ▶ MLDv1 and v2 ▶ PIMv6-SM and SSM (1,000 entries) ▶ VRF lite (63 domains) ▶ RADIUS Full ▶ UDLD ▶ VLAN Translation ▶ G.8032 ring protection ▶ Ethernet CFM ▶ VXLAN ▶ PTP Transparent Mode 	► One license per stack member
AT-SW-APM10-1YR ^{2,3}	Cumulative AMF Plus Master license	► AMF Plus Master license for up to 10 nodes for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-APM10-5YR ^{2, 3}	Cumulative AMF Plus Master license	► AMF Plus Master license for up to 10 nodes for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-SW-APC10-1YR ^{2, 4}	Cumulative AMF Plus Controller license	► AMF Plus Controller license for up to 10 areas for 1 year	➤ One license per stack
AT-SW-APC10-5YR ^{2, 4}	Cumulative AMF Plus Controller license	▶ AMF Plus Controller license for up to 10 areas for 5 years	➤ One license per stack
AT-FL-GEN2-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year	Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-GEN2-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years	► Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-GEN2-MSEC ⁵	MACSec license	► Media Access Control Security	► One license per stack member
AT-FL-GEN2-VLF	VRF-Lite Full license	▶ VRF lite (600 domains)	► One license per stack member
AT-SW-AWC10-1YR ⁶	Cumulative AWC license	► Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	➤ One license per stack
AT-SW-AWC10-5YR ⁶	Cumulative AWC license	► Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	➤ One license per stack
AT-SW-CB10-1YR-20227	Cumulative AWC-CB and AWC-SC license	➤ AWC Channel Blanket and AWC Smart Connect license for up to 10 access points for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-SW-CB10-5YR-20227	Cumulative AWC-CB and AWC-SC license	► AWC Channel Blanket and AWC Smart Connect license for up to 10 access points for 5 years	► One license per stack

¹ 64 OSPF and BGP routes included in base license

Ordering Information

AT-SBx908GEN2-B0y8

High capacity Layer 3+ modular switch chassis with 8 x high speed expansion bays, fans included

AT-SBxPWRSYS2-Bxy8,9

Hot-swappable load-sharing power supply¹⁰

SBxPWRSYS1-B8y8

1200W DC system power supply

AT-FAN08-B0y8

Spare hot-swappable fan module

AT-XEM2-8XSTm-B0y8

4 x 1/2.5/5/10G RJ45 ports and 4 x 1G/10G SFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-12XTm-B0y8

12 x 1/2.5/5/10G RJ45 ports

AT-XEM2-12XT-B0y8

12 x 100M/1G/10G RJ45 ports

AT-XEM2-12XS v2-B0y8

12 x 1G/10G SFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-4QS-B0y8

4 x 40G QSFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-1CQ-B0y⁸ 1 x 100G QSFP28 port

⁸Where 0y= 01 for 1 year Net Cover support 05 for 5 year Net Cover support

⁹ Where xy= 1y for AC power supply with US power cord 2y for AC power supply with no power cord

2y for AC power supply with no power cord 3y for AC power supply with UK power cord 4y for AC power supply with AU power cord 5y for AC power supply with EU power cord

¹⁰ Note that fans are included but NO power supplies ship with the base chassis, they must be ordered separately

² From AW+ version 5.5.2-2 onwards, AMF Plus licenses provide all standard AMF network management and automation features. They also enable the AMF Plus intent-based networking features menu in Vista Manager EX (from version 3.10.1 onwards)

Purchase one license per 10 nodes (up to 300 nodes maximum)

Purchase one license per 10 areas (up to 60 areas maximum)

MACSec only operates on the XEM2-12XS v2 and XEM2-8XSTm expansion modules

⁶ 5 APs can be managed for free. Purchase one license per 10 additional APs (up to 300 APs maximum)

⁷ Channel Blanket and Smart Connect are not available as free services. Both an AWC-CB license and an AWC license are required for Channel Blanket and/or Smart Connect to operate. Purchase one AWC-CB license per 10 APs (up to 300 APs maximum). Channel Blanket is supported on TQ6602, TQ5403, and TQ5403e access points. Smart Connect is supported on TQ5403, and TQ5403e access points

Accessories

SFP Modules

AT-SPTX

10/100/1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature $\,$

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

AT-SPZX80

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 80 km

10GbE SFP+ Modules

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LB

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LRa/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TM

1G/2.5G/5G/10G, 100m copper, TAA¹¹

10GbE SFP+ Cables

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

40G QSFP+ Modules

AT-QSFP1CU

1 meter QSFP+ direct attach cable

AT-QSFP3CU

3 meter QSFP+ direct attach cable

AT-QSFPSR4

40GSR4 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF, MPO-12

AT-QSFPSR4LCa

40GSR4 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF, LC

AT-QSFPLR4

40GLR4 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-QSFPER4

40GER4 1310 nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF

AT-MTP12-1

1 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

AT-MTP12-5

5 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

100G QSFP28 Modules

AT-QSFP28-1CU

1 meter QSFP28 direct attach cable

AT-QSFP28-3CU

3 meter QSFP28 direct attach cable

AT-QSFP28-SR4

100GSR 850 nm short-haul up to 100 m with MMF

AT-QSFP28-LR4

100GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF



¹¹ Trade Act Agreement compliant